

## THE WEATHER

Unsettled Weather Tonight and Thursday; Probably Showers

## TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

## METAL QUOTATIONS

SILVER	\$1.01 1/2
Copper	28
Lead	28.05
Quicksilver	\$125.00

VOL. XVIII No. 73

TONOPAH, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1918

PRICE 10 CENTS

## U. S. TRANSPORT TORPEDOED

## OVER 2800 MEN ARE LANDED WITHOUT LOSS OF LIFE

## MORE MEN FOR ARMY IN RUSSIA

LARGE FORCE NEEDED TO PREPARE FOR WINTER CAMPAIGN IN SIBERIA

(By Associated Press) ARCHANGEL, (Tuesday), Sept. 10.—More allied troops are urgently needed if the Russo-allied campaign is to be a speedy success. This is the opinion of virtually every officer and civilian observer here. The Russian winter will soon be at hand. Before that time it is hoped to establish a front against the Germans and open an uninterrupted line of communication from Vladivostok to Archangel through Volodga.

## TWO PARADES TO REGISTER

A final meeting of registration agents who will have charge of the booths for the military enrollment tomorrow was held this afternoon at the courthouse when Judge Mark H. Averill, acting as director of the council of defense, gave instructions regarding the multiplicity of questions that may be asked of the men engaged in taking names and in passing out questionnaires.

The program will include two parades during the day in order to emphasize the importance of the event every citizen is called upon to promote to the best of his ability. The first parade will be at noon and the second at 7 o'clock in the evening when the band will turn out and every loyal citizen will be urged to fall in line. At noon Frank L. Dunn will speak and in the evening the speaker will be delivered by Frank K. Pittman.

Registration will be at the same precincts where votes were cast last Tuesday at the primary election. The lines will not close as the sustained production is essential to the conduct of the war and the government does not want any interference with the operation of mining properties. The men employed will have plenty of time after coming off shift to register for military service.

W. B. Evans, of the Tonopah Taxicab company, says he will have two machines subject to call during registration for those who are prevented by sickness or other disability from going to the polls. This service will be free. Men who are unable to leave their rooms may register on making known their condition to the council of defense.

A severe penalty is provided for evasion of the order.

Saloons will close during hours of registration. Other stores will remain open. Registration will close at 9 p. m.

**AUSTRIA CLAIMS VICTORY**

(By Associated Press) VIENNA, Sept. 11.—The war office has announced that Austrians recovered positions gained by the Italian thrust in Asolone sector.

**TODAY AND A YEAR AGO**

Official readings of the thermometer by the United States observer at Tonopah:

5 a. m.	59	56
10 a. m.	70	65
12 noon	74	75
Maximum, Sept. 10	73	79
Minimum, Sept. 10	52	55
Relative humidity at noon	75	75
Today, 10 per cent.		

## Boston Wins Championship

(By Associated Press) BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Boston won the world's series championship by defeating Chicago 2 to 1 in the sixth game, complete with fine fielding, Mays pitched.

## FRENCH OUTFLANK ENEMY SOUTH OF HINDENBURG LINE

(By Associated Press) PARIS, Sept. 11.—(Havas Agency)—The French captured Travecy, near the southern end of the Hindenburg line, according to reports. If they can hold the town, the important enemy position at La Fere, the northern defense of the St. Gobain massif, two miles south of Travecy, virtually will be outflanked.

## TWO REGIMENTS OF HUNS MUTINY

(By Associated Press) AMSTERDAM, Sept. 11.—The twenty-fifth German regiment mutinied at Cologne August 31, according to the Telegraaf.

An eye witness said the soldiers were ordered for the western front and refused to board a train. Another regiment, ordered to force the refractory troops to enter the cars, refused to fire on their comrades. A detachment of home defense guards, composed of youth, was ordered to undertake the task. A fight followed in which eleven boys of the defense guard were killed and many injured.

## ELECTION TEST SENT IN SUPREME COURT

(By Associated Press) SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—Proceedings to compel Secretary of State Jordan to place the name of Frank Rodgers, assembly candidate, on the ballot next November were begun in the supreme court today. Rodgers, who registered as a Republican, won the Democratic nomination and lost the Republican. The action will serve as a precedent in the case of Rolph, who is prohibited by law from running as a Democratic nominee for governor because he lost the nomination of his own party.

## WILL STIMULATE MINING ACTIVITY

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The house passed the bill providing for government stimulation of the production of minerals needed in the prosecution of war. The bill goes to conference.

## TONOPAH SOLDIER RECOVERS AND REJOINS REGIMENT

Alfred Del Pappas, who was home in Tonopah on a furlough December 24, has been heard from in France where he returned to his regiment August 4 after having been on the casualty list suffering from a wound and the effects of gassing. He is now attached to the 59th infantry, Co. D.

## U-BOAT BLOWN OUT OF SEA BY DEPTH BOMBS FROM THE DESTROYERS

(By Associated Press) LONDON, (Tuesday), Sept. 10.—A U-boat with 2800 American soldiers aboard has been torpedoed, all were saved. The ship was beached and the men clambered down ropes to swarms of destroyers which came alongside instead of taking time to launch boats. The operation was facilitated by the fact that the sea was not rough.

The ship was a member of a large convoy approaching England and was torpedoed Friday afternoon 200 miles off shore. Soldiers told the Associated Press that they saw a German submarine lifted clear of the water by a depth bomb and then disappeared.

Engine trouble compelled the ship to lag behind the convoy and was fast overhauling the other transports when the torpedo struck forward of the engine. There was no panic. None was injured. The soldiers behaved admirably.

Many of the troops were from Cleveland and Chicago. A large percentage were factory hands of foreign extraction. Their behavior proved they had assimilated the true spirit of the American soldier. When the vessel began sinking, many of the soldiers were bathing. They didn't wait to dress, but rushed to the deck with clothing grabbed up quickly. Some means apparently were found to stop the sudden inrush of water and the vessel proceeded near enough that shore might be reached. The steamship may ultimately be salvaged.

## MILLION GALLON DEFICIT IN GAS

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Fuel Administrator Garfield told the senate there would be a million barrel gasoline deficit before January if conservation steps were not taken immediately.

## BIG BRITISH LINER SENT TO BOTTOM

(By Associated Press) NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The British liner Misanabie, 12,469 tons gross, was sunk by a submarine in European waters. The vessel carried a crew of 200.

## BERLIN REPORTS 3000 CAPTURED

(By Associated Press) BERLIN, Sept. 11.—The war office announced today that the Germans captured prisoners and repulsed a British attempt to advance yesterday south of Ypres and north of the La Bassée canal. It is said the British reached the German first lines a few points south of Glouceaucourt, around Epheby, but were driven back and 3000 British captured.

## SIBERIAN FRONT MOVED 4000 MILES OVER NIGHT

(By Associated Press) VLADIVOSTOK, Sept. 11.—The Siberian front "moved 4000 miles to westward" over night, according to an American authority. Communication has been established between Vladivostok and Irkutsk.

## LIMITED SERVICE MEN CALLED TO SERVICE

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The government has called 2000 limited service draft registrants to work as stenographers and typists.

## STIFF FIGHTING IN THE REGION ST. QUENTIN

(By Associated Press) WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 11.—The British have gained a footing in Peiziere and Epheby on the railroad between Reims and Maraling.

(By Associated Press) LONDON, Sept. 11.—The British advanced their line slightly last night in the region of Vermand, northwest of St. Quentin. The Germans counter attacked in the region of Recourt and St. Quentin but were repulsed in still fighting. In sharp fighting at Gouzeaucourt the Germans were beaten off except at one point where one British post remained in the hands of the enemy.

## KAISER URGES MEN TO REMAIN TRUE TO DUTY

REPLY TO MESSAGE FROM THE GERMAN NATIONAL SOLDIERS UNION

(By Associated Press) AMSTERDAM, Sept. 11.—Emperor William, replying to a message from the German National Soldiers Union, is quoted by the Cologne Gazette as saying: "I am firmly convinced that members of the union will exert all their powers and their personal influence in support of the home front and, like our glorious comrades in the field, will not in the vicissitudes of war, let themselves be turned from their will to win victory and steadfastness by the enemies' superior forces and reprehensible methods of combat."

## SPEAK ENGLISH ORDER PROVOKES A FIGHT

A bunch of boys raised trouble last evening on lower Main street by interfering with a couple of foreigners and provoking them into a fight over the "Speak English" order of the Nye County Council of Defense. The difficulty was adjusted and the boys persuaded to leave. They returned several times before a general fight was precipitated with the result that the police were called and the disturbers removed. No blame is attached to the foreigners.

## BRITISH RAID AUSTRIANS

(By Associated Press) ROME, Sept. 11.—British troops yesterday raided Austrian positions on the Asiago plateau and inflicted considerable losses on the enemy, according to the war office.

wait to dress, but rushed to the deck with clothing grabbed up quickly. Some means apparently were found to stop the sudden inrush of water and the vessel proceeded near enough that shore might be reached. The steamship may ultimately be salvaged.

(By Associated Press) INLAND REST CAMP, England (Tuesday), Sept. 11.—A majority of the 2800 soldiers on the torpedoed transport have arrived. They were unharmed by their thrilling experience.

The men are finding consolation in the assurance that the attacking submarine suffered a far worse fate at the hands of the avenging destroyers. The Red Cross rushed large quantities of supplies from London to aid in caring for the men.

(By Associated Press) NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The torpedoed transport was the British steamship Persic, according to reliable information in marine circles.

## PETROGRAD BURNS DURING A MASSACRE

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—A dispatch from the American legation at Christiania said it was reliably reported that Petrograd is burning in twelve places and there was an indiscriminate massacre of people in the streets. Secretary Lansing, in announcing the dispatch, said it didn't indicate whether the massacre was organized or merely the result of a German state of anarchy. There were no indications of what part the Bolshevik authorities were playing in the situation.

## FAVORS "WORK OR FIGHT" RULE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—"Work or fight" is the rule that should apply throughout America today, in the opinion of Robert Moran, state director of public service reserve, United States department of labor, for the state of Washington. In an appeal to the loyal people of the state of Washington, he writes: "Utilization of our man power to the fullest extent is going to be the deciding factor in winning the war."

"President Wilson, in his address to the state directors of the public service reserve and the United States employment service, at the close of their conference in Washington a short time ago, said:

"The raising of an armed force is relatively easy, but the mobilization of the industrial army is infinitely more difficult."

"We have just two classes of citizens in the United States in time of war. The first class volunteer, or, at least, respond promptly on call for service in the army or navy, or they are now engaged on useful work. The other class includes those who would prefer to lend aid to the enemy, then comes the slacker and common loafer."

## URGING FEW EXEMPTIONS

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The war industries board has asked all industries to avoid reducing the army man power by asking for the lowest possible number of exemptions.

## GENERAL RAINS FORECAST FOR THE ENTIRE COAST

(By Associated Press) SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—The district forecaster predicts rain to night for twenty-four hours in all parts of California.

## APPALLING LOSSES OF THE GERMANS IN LAST THREE DAYS

(By Associated Press) WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE AISNE FRONT (Tuesday), Sept. 10.—A Reuter's message states the Germans tonight are still desperately attacking Mont Rouge Plateau. The enemy losses of the last three days must have been appalling.

## MILITARY HOSPITALS IN PARIS PERFECT

(By Associated Press) PARIS (Tuesday), Sept. 10.—Major General Gorgas, surgeon general of the army, expressed to the Associated Press his satisfaction of the manner in which the wounded are being cared for after he inspected Paris military hospitals where Americans are undergoing treatment.

## ALLIES SEEK CONTROL OF ALL RAW MATERIALS

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Allied control of raw materials after the war is perhaps receiving more serious attention from the British than any other post-war policy, according to advice received by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce.

Phillip B. Kennedy, American commercial attaché at London, in a report to Washington officials, says that after the British government has perfected with the dominion governments a plan for obtaining control of materials in the British empire, it is expected that representations will be made to the United States and other allied countries for some common action.

Important meetings of the imperial war conference and the imperial cabinet were held in London during July, he says, at which prime ministers and others representing the dominions were present.

None of the meetings openly discussed a preference tariff, according to Mr. Kennedy. Such a policy is favored by many, but the tariff question is yet an issue in the United Kingdom on which there is not unity of opinion. The old free trade sentiment in the Liberal party is seemingly opposed of any policy which would affect cheap food and cheap raw materials. The latter also has committed itself to resolutions favoring an open door economic policy after the war as the best way of guaranteeing future peace. Before the United Kingdom can come to a definite decision on the tariff, probably the issue will have to be joined by the conflicting interests, according to reports received here, and this may be something the government will not care to bring up during the war.

## LAWELL DANIELS GIVEN UNTIL TENTH OF OCTOBER

Lowell Daniels, deputy district attorney, received an answer to his telegram of inquiry sent yesterday extending the time in which he has to report from September 10 to October 10, when he will report to the commanding officer at Camp Pike, near Little Rock, Ark., for duty in the infantry training camp.

## MUST SLOW DOWN WITH THE DRIVE

ALLIES MUST RECKON WITH THE IMPORTANT FIELD FORTIFICATIONS

(By Associated Press) WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 11.—The rapidity of the splendid operation that wrested the initiative from the Germans and drove them behind their defensive lines of 1917 to reconstitute their shattered divisions is no longer a proper basis for calculating the speed of the progress. The allies are now in front of obstacles that don't appear on ordinary maps. The first is the Hindenburg line system of field fortifications which the Germans built by the forced labor of prisoners of war and French and Belgium civilians.

## TURKS MURDER CATHOLIC PRIESTS

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—According to an official dispatch from France news has been received at Paris from Teheran, Persia, confirming reports of the murder of Christians by Turks. Among the victims was Father Soutag, a French Lazarist priest, and several other priests.

## TONOPAH RECRUIT MADE LIEUTENANT

Mrs. Charles Ducheneau received a telegram this morning from her brother, John U. Murray, at Camp Lewis that he had received his commission as a lieutenant after spending a year in the camp under active training and in training others.

Lieutenant Murray is well known in Tonopah where he worked in the Belmont about a year ago. He came from Chattanooga, Tenn., and went into the infantry as a volunteer.

## TONOPAH TEACHER TAKEN OFF TRAIN

Jack Grant, chief of police, received a wire this morning from Chief Hillhouse stating that Miss Annie Odella, a teacher of Tonopah, had become demented while on the train between here and Reno and was in the care of the authorities.

The young lady is well known here where she graduated from the first county normal school conducted by Miss Rieve and since then has taught in various Nye county schools and was to resume her former school this year. She is only twenty-one years of age and most attractive mentally while she is possessed of a very pleasing personality. Friends of the teacher say she has shown signs of falling for some time and a few days before leaving for San Francisco she went around wearing a heavy winter coat and heavy black fur muff. Her mother, Mrs. Anderson, was notified. When Miss Odella left here she told her neighbors she was going to San Francisco and that she was taking \$150 in ready money to defray expenses.